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CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, *June 17, 1901.*

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to transmit the following report for the district under my command for the week ended June 15, 1901:

Twenty-two deaths have occurred in this city, 5 of which occurred in the civil hospital. Death rate per 1,000 inhabitants, 28.68.

Following report shows causes of death: Paludism, 5; pernicious fever, 4; tetanus, infantile, 1; Bright's disease, 1; cancer of the stomach, 1; tuberculosis, 1; eclampsia, 1; wounds, 1; sclerosis, arterial, 1; septicæmia, 1; intestinal obstruction, 1; burns, 1; pneumonia, 1; puberty, 1.

Nothing new has developed in Jucaro; the medical officer detailed there has been recalled, will return by the next boat. Seven vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique; 6 bills of health issued vessels leaving Cienfuegos; no alien steerage passengers landed at this port; 49 health certificates issued passengers leaving Cienfuegos; 71 pieces baggage inspected and passed, leaving Cienfuegos; 1 trunk, destination Alabama, disinfected previous to embarkation on U. S. A. transport *Sedgwick*.

Casilda.—Acting Asst. Surg. Alejandro Cantero reports 2 deaths in the city of Trinidad during the week. No contagious diseases reported; 5 vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan R. Xiques reports no deaths at that port during week. No contagious diseases reported; 6 vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique; 6 bills of health issued vessels leaving that port.

Respectfully,

T. D. BERRY,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Havana—No yellow fever present—Last case reported proved to be typhoid fever.

HAVANA, CUBA, *June 17, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions at this station for the week ended June 15, 1901:

There have been no cases and no deaths from yellow fever during the week. In regard to the case of yellow fever mentioned in the report of last week, I have to make the following explanation: This case was taken sick on June 1 and was diagnosed and reported on the 5th, and was carried as yellow fever until the 12th, when the following report was made by the sanitary office concerning the case:

The yellow fever commission on the 10th reexamined the above patient and finding that the symptoms had developed into a well-marked case of typhoid fever, they changed their first diagnosis of yellow fever to typhoid fever.

Acting Asst. Surg. F. E. Menocal reports that there were no immigrants or third-class passengers examined by him for passage to any port in the island of Cuba not connected by rail with the city of Havana for the week ended June 15, 1901. On the 10th one Spanish immigrant, with a successful vaccination, departed for Porto Rico. This immigrant's baggage was disinfected.

The following regulations in regard to sanitary inspectors have been published by direction of the military governor:

No. 157.

HAVANA, June 12, 1901.

The military governor of Cuba directs the publication of the following order:

For the purpose of maintaining proper sanitary conditions in Havana, sanitary inspectors are authorized to make such inspections as may be necessary of houses or other buildings in the city of Havana.

Each inspector shall be furnished with a metallic badge and a written authorization, showing that he is an inspector of the sanitary department. The presentation of his badge and letter shall authorize him to inspect premises within the city limits.

Inspectors must be careful in making these inspections to act with the greatest politeness and consideration toward the occupants of private houses, and to cause as little inconvenience as possible.

In case an inspector is refused admission, in the line of his duty, the chief sanitary officer shall call upon the chief of police to give the inspector admittance to the house, and it shall be the duty of the chief of police to see that the inspector is at once admitted.

EDWARD CARPENTER,

First Lieutenant, Artillery Corps, Aid-de-Camp.

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer for the Island of Cuba.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Summary of transactions at Havana for week ended June 15, 1901.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

Passengers inspected	458
Immunes examined and accepted	107
Immunes examined and rejected.....	16
Total	581

HARBOR DEPARTMENT.

Crews of incoming vessels inspected.....	1229
Crews of outgoing vessels inspected..	857
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	463
Passengers of incoming vessels inspected.....	634
Total	3,183

Vaccination certificates issued.....	1
Persons vaccinated.....	1

SHORE-DISINFECTING PLANT.

Number pieces baggage disinfected.....	112
Number pieces express disinfected.....	2
Number pieces freight disinfected.....	38
Total number pieces disinfected	152

Number pieces baggage inspected and passed.....	845
Number pieces express inspected and passed.....	2,444
Number pieces freight inspected and passed.....	20

Total number pieces inspected and passed..... 3,309

To be disinfected, coastwise ports..... 10

BARGE SANATOR.

Number of vessels disinfected.....	9
Number of viveros disinfected.....	10
Ships' baggage and dunnage disinfected.....	499
Members of crews and passengers inspected	190
Vessels being disinfected.....	1
Total	709

MORTUARY REPORT.

Tuberculosis	9	Glanders	1
Enteritis	7	Enteric fever	9
Pernicious fever.....	1	Malarial fever	1
Pneumonia	6	Total number deaths from all causes	99

Inspection of immigrants at Havana during the week ended June 15, 1901.

HAVANA, CUBA, June 16, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended June 15, 1901:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immi- grants.
June 9	Steamship Seguranca.....	Progreso and Vera Cruz.....	31
June 10	Steamship Pio IX	Spain and Canaries	54
Do....	Steamship Excelsior	New Orleans.....	20
June 11	Steamship Florida	Key West.....	4
Do....	Steamship Madrileno.....	Liverpool and Spain.....	71
June 12	Steamship Morro Castle.....	New York	3
Do....	Steamship Maria Herrera	Porto Rico, Santo Domingo, Cuban ports..	1
June 13	Steamship Florida.....	Key West.....	1
June 15	Steamship Lafayette.....	Vera Cruz	6
Do....	Steamship Florida	Key West.....	6
	Total		197

Respectfully,

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Report of immigrants inspected at the port of Manzanillo, Cuba, during the month of May, 1901.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 1; number passed, 1.

R. DE SOCARRAS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, June 12, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended June 8, 1901:

Matanzas.—Fifteen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 17.28 per 1,000. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 2; gastro-enteritis, 2; heart disease, 2; typhoid fever, 1; enteritis, 1; broncho-pneumonia, 1; marasmus, 1; other causes, 5. One case of typhoid fever was reported during the week. Five vessels were inspected and passed on arrival and 8 passed without inspection. Eighteen bills